

ECE 2400 Computer Systems Programming

Topic 6: C Dynamic Allocation

<http://www.cs1.cornell.edu/courses/ece2400>
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revision: 2026-02-18-09-57

Please do not ask for solutions. Students should compare their solutions to solutions from their fellow students, discuss their solutions with the instructors during lab/office hours, and/or post their solutions on Ed for discussion.

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Problem 1. Short Answer

Carefully plan your solution before starting to write your response. Please be brief and to the point; if at all possible, limit your answers to the space provided.

Part 1.A Array Duplication

The following arraydup function takes an array of integers and the size of that array as parameters and returns a copy of the input array. The new array is allocated on the heap, so the caller is responsible for eventually deallocating the copy. **Draw the state diagram that corresponds to the execution of this C program.** You must clearly label all variables. You must clearly specify all pointers using arrows. Do not erase any arrows; leave the arrows in place even if the pointer becomes invalid.

```

0001 #include <stdlib.h>
0002
0003 // Function for duplicating an array
0004
0005 int* arraydup( int* x, int n )
0006 {
0007     int* y = malloc( n * sizeof(int) );
0008
0009     for ( int i = 0; i < n; i++ ) {
0010         y[i] = x[i];
0011     }
0012
0013     return y;
0014 }
0015
0016 // Main function
0017
0018 int main( void )
0019 {
0020     int a[4] = { 10, 11, 12, 13 };
0021     int* b = arraydup( a, 4 );
0022     free(b);
0023     return 0;
0024 }

```

